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ನೇಸರು

ಮೈಸೂರು ಉದ್ದೀಪನೆ ಮುಂಬ್ರು

Nesaru Tingalole

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ಮುಂಬಯಿಯಲ್ಲಿ ಮಳೆರಾಯನ ಆಗಮನ...?????



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॥अथ दशश्लोकी ॥

Introduction:

Shri Shankara sums up the essence of Vedanta in Dasashloki. He states that Only Atman Is, while the world of names, form and various manifestations are just maya. He goes on to say that Atman is same as the supreme Brahman . Shankara also emphasises, as do upani Shads that the man who realizes Atma ALONE transcends worldly sorrow (tarati shokam atmavit).

After writing a wonderful commentary on Gaudapada's karika on Mandukya Upanishad, and upadesahasri in my humble opinion, the best philosophical work of Shankara, many scholars consider dashashlokI to be the last pronouncement of Shankara on the non-dual nature of Atman . In a very simple way using just 10 verses, Shankara expounds on the nature of Atman – the attributeless Truth, indestructible, and the very basis of supreme bliss and purity.

The words of Swami Gambhirananda sums up the significance of the sloka, 'This text deals with the nature of Atman in the clearest and simplest language. There is not a single word which is superfluous, and the teacher [Sri Shankara] is at this best; the arrow of knowledge is aimed at ignorance and it hits the target directly, destroying the enemy.'

The birth of this Dasasloki is an interesting event. Sri Sankara in imminent danger of death in the jaws of a crocodile in the river Purna in his village Kaladi, takes Sannyasa informally by pronouncing the prescrinebd formula. But when the crocodile immediately frees him from its grip, Sri Sankara is faced with the necessity of seeking a competent teacher who can regularise the Sannyasa and initiate him in the Upanishadic passages. He travelled north and ultimately found such a teacher in Sri Govindapadacharya, who was in deep meditation in a cave on the banks of the Narmada. When fervently implored by Sri Sankara, the Saint woke up and asked Sri Sankara who he was. It was in reponse to this simple question that Sri Sankara burst out in a set of ten pregnant stanzas explaining the real nature of the Self which alone he was. The Saint realising that Sri Sanakara was a realised soul, who had come to him for initiation only to conform to the normal method of entering the Sannyasa Order, immediately accepted him as a disciple.

न भूमिर्न तोयं न तेजो न वायुः
न स्वं नेन्द्रियं वा न तेषां समूहः ।
अनेकात्मिकत्वात् सुषुप्त्येकसिद्धः
तदेकोऽवशिष्टः शिवः केवलोऽहम् ॥१॥

"I am not the Earth nor Water, neither Fire nor Air, I am not space. Neither am I any of the Faculties nor am I their aggregate. [I am not any of these] as they are all uncertain. I am proved however in the sole experience of deep sleep. That One, the Residue, the Auspicious, the Only One, am I."

न वर्णं न वर्णश्रिमाचारारथम्
न मे धारणाध्यानयोगादयोपि ।
अनात्माश्रयाहंममाध्यासहानात्
तदेकोऽवशिष्टः शिवः केवलोऽहम् ॥२॥

"The castes are not for me, nor the

observances and duties attached to the castes and the stages of life. Even the steadyng of the mind, concentration, self-communion and other courses are not for me. For the mistaken senses of I and MINE which rested on the Non-Self have been abondoned. That One, the Residue, the Auspicious, the Alone, am I."

■ Shrimadh Shankaracharya

न माता न पिता वा न केवा न लोका
न वेदा न यज्ञा न तीर्थं ब्रुवन्ति
सुषसौ निरस्तातिशूच्यात्मकत्वात्
तदेकोऽवशिष्टः शिवः केवलोऽहम् ॥३॥

"There is no mother nor father; no gods nor regions of experience; no scriptures nor sacrifcal sites; and no sacred place-so say the Sages. For, in

the state of deep sleep, all these are negated and that state is completely devoid(of any object of perception) That One, the Residue, the Auspicious, the Alone, am I."

न साख्यं न शैवं न तत्पात्रं
न जैनं न मीमांसकादर्मतं वा ।
विशिष्टानुभूत्या विशुद्धात्मकत्वात्
तदेकोऽवशिष्टः शिवः केवलोऽहम् ॥४॥

"There is no Sankhya nor Saiva, nor that Pancharatra nor Jaina. The conception of the Mimamsaka and others does not exist. For, through the direct realisation of what is qualified, the Self is known as of the nature of the Absolutely Pure. That One, the Residue, the Auspicious, the Alone, am I."

न चोर्ध्वं न चाधो न चान्तर्नं बाह्यं
न मध्यं न तिये न पूर्वोऽपरा दिक् ।
वियद्व्यापकत्वादखण्डैकरूपः
तदेकोऽवशिष्टः शिवः केवलोऽहम् ॥५॥

"There is neither above nor below, neither inside nor outside, no middle nor crosswise, no direction, east or west. For it is all-pervasive like space. It is partless and homogeneous in its nature. That One, the Residue, the Auspicious, the Alone, am I."

न शुक्तं न कृष्णं न रक्तं न पीतं
न कुञ्जं न पीनं न हस्तं न दीर्घम् ।
अरूपं तथा ज्योतिराकारकत्वात्
तदेकोऽवशिष्टः शिवः केवलोऽहम् ॥६॥

"It is neither white nor black, neither red nor yellow, neither dwarfish nor stout, neither short nor long. As it is of the nature of light, it is shapeless also. That One, the Residue, the Auspicious, the Alone, am I."

न शास्ता न शास्त्रं न शिष्यो न शिक्षा
न च त्वं न ताहं न तायं प्रपञ्चः ।
स्वरूपावबोधो विकल्पासहिष्युः
तदेकोऽवशिष्टः शिवः केवलोऽहम् ॥७॥

"There is no ruler nor rule, no pupil nor training. There is no YOU nor I. This universe is not. For the realistion of the true nature of the Self does not tolerate

(पृष्ठ 19कै)

'The God Particle'

Higgs Boson Explained in five points

Scientists working at the world's biggest atom smasher near Geneva have announced the discovery of a new subatomic particle that looks remarkably like the long-sought Higgs boson. Sometimes called the "God particle" because its existence is fundamental to the creation of the universe, the hunt for the Higgs involved thousands of scientists from all over the world.

Scientists working at the world's biggest atom smasher near Geneva have announced the discovery of a new subatomic particle that looks remarkably like the long-sought Higgs boson. Sometimes called the "God particle" because its existence is fundamental to the creation of the universe, the hunt for the Higgs involved thousands of scientists from all over the world.

Here are five things to note about today's discovery

1. WHAT IS THE GOD PARTICLE ANYWAY? School physics teaches that everything is made up of atoms, and inside atoms are electrons, protons and

captured a glimpse of what appears to be just such a Higgs-like particle.

2. WHY IS THIS IMPORTANT? The Higgs is part of many theoretical equations underpinning scientists' understanding of how the world came into being. If it doesn't exist, then those theories would need to be fundamentally overhauled. The fact that it apparently does exist means scientists have been on the right track with their theories. But there's a twist: the measurements seem to diverge slightly from what would be expected under the so-called Standard Model of particle physics. This is exciting for scientists because it opens the possibility to potential

RESULTS FROM THE SEARCH? Not directly. But the massive scientific effort that led up to the discovery has paid off in other ways, one of which was the creation of the World

Wide Web. CERN scientists developed it to make it easier to exchange information among each other. The vast computing power needed to crunch all of the data produced by the atom smasher has also boosted the development of distributed - or cloud - computing, which is now making its way into mainstream services. Advances in solar energy capture, medical imaging and proton therapy - used in the fight against cancer - have also resulted from the work of particle physicists at CERN and elsewhere.

5. WHAT'S NEXT? "This is just the beginning," says James Gillies, a spokesman for CERN. Scientists will keep probing the new particle until they fully understand how it works. In doing so they hope to understand the 96 percent of the universe that remains hidden from view. This may result in the discovery of new particles and even hitherto unknown forces of nature.

Who was Satyendra Nath Bose?

Scientists at Europe's CERN research centre have found a new subatomic particle that could be the Higgs boson, the basic building block of the universe. It is well known that the 'Higgs' of Higgs boson is refers to British physicist Peter Higgs, who in 1964 laid much of the conceptual groundwork for the presence of the elusive particle. However, it's not exactly common knowledge that the term "boson" owes its name to the pioneering work of the late Indian physicist,

Satyendra Nath Bose.

Bose, who worked in Kolkata and Dhaka, was a contemporary of Albert Einstein.

He made important contributions to the field of quantum physics in the 1920s that changed how particle physics has been studied ever since.

Satyendranath Bose was born on the January 1, 1894 in Calcutta (now Kolkata).

His father Surendranath was employed in the Engineering Department of the East India Railway. Satyendranath Bose was the eldest of his seven children; the rest were all daughters.

(Contd. pg. 18)

Why do Indian Scientists or Researchers depend on Western Fraternities for Recognition of their work, while there are so many unrecognized scientists in India with unheard discoveries and inventions? Prof. Satyendra Bose seems to have come into lime light after this Higgs Boson discovery and all the media hype of finding a Indian remotely related to Higgs Boson, just to keep their Media alive - while he could have been recognized and given a suitable platform much much earlier to continue his work in the field of Physics and would have possibly delivered a much better contribution with apt motivation. Another example is about Late Dr. Harbans Khorana who deciphered the DNA molecule, his work was recognized in USA, not in India - *The questions in short are: Are we Indians only fit to recognize our own people of their true merits and caliber, only after they are recognized by the West for their work? OR Do we lack self-confidence in our own people's work? It is a very known fact that in OUR work place culture, there is a phenomena called "Crabs in a Basket" One crab would like to step out of the basket, while others keep pulling it back - When will all these change?-Ravishankar Nagaraj, Hangzhou, China.*

neutrons. They, in turn, are made of quarks and other subatomic particles.

Scientists have long puzzled over how these minute building blocks of the universe acquire mass. Without mass, particles wouldn't hold together and there would be no matter. One theory proposed by British physicist Peter Higgs and teams in Belgium and the United States in the 1960s is that a new particle must be creating a "sticky" field that acts as a drag on other particles. The atomsmashing experiments at CERN, the European Center for Nuclear Research, have now

new discoveries including a theory known as "super-symmetry" where particles don't just come in pairs - think matter and anti-matter - but quadruplets, all with slightly different characteristics.

3. HOW MUCH DID IT COST? CERN's atom smasher, the Large Hadron Collider, alone cost some \$10 billion to build and run. This includes the salaries of thousands of scientists and support staff around the world who collaborated on the two experiments that independently pursued the Higgs.

4. WERE THERE ANY PRACTICAL

Darwin's Theory & Hindu Mythology

Many of us have read Darwin's Theory of origin of Species. It is prescribed as a lesson in the schools. Today it is accepted as a Scientific Theory which has been proved. Darwin lived in 19th Century and extensively studied the Species for about 5 years. He also postulated, natural Selection, survival of the fittest and adoption of species to climatic and environmental changes. But was he a pioneer in postulating this origin of species? In effect, the theory postulates, life originated in water, and then morphed into sea creatures like, fishes, dolphins and then morphed into amphibians like tortoises. Then branched into animals, birds, reptiles mammoths apes humans etc. Dogs, Wolves, cats – lions-Tigers, Jaguars, monkeys, orangutans, chimpanzees, Gorillas, birds, fishes, trees, all belong to the same root. They are all the off springs of the same life form. They have assumed different body forms in order to cope with food gathering, and climatic changes. Thus fishes morphed into birds with their fins turning into wings. This is evident when one looks at a bat, you can see the fingers though the bat's wings. Fishes also turned into reptiles. one can see through and link fish-dolphins, sharks-crocodiles, Lizards- Snakes and in the past, dinosources. Horses, donkeys, Ziraffes, Zebras, deers, Sheep, cows, buffellos, all belong to the same family and form. All in all, Darwin says, life mushrooms and morphs into many forms. They are really cousins.

Let us look at Hindu Mythology now.

Padma purana, Vishnu purana, and Matsya Purana are the

oldest Indian Mythologies. Reference there in state:-

From the navel of **Vishnu** (from the root **vish** – meaning vast boundless, **nu**-one who is) who is lying **Ksheera Sagara** (**Ksheera** – Milk, **Sagara** – Ocean, literally meaning milkyway) springs a lotus, in which **Brahma**, the creator springs up.

Here the lineage becomes very interesting. From the mind of "**Brahma**", Spring a Son – his Manasaputra, who is called **Marichi**. **Marichi** marries **Kalaa**, who is also called **Varuni**. They in turn get a son called **Kashyapa**.

Kashyapa takes 17 wives, named **Diti, Aditi, Danu, Danaayu, Pradha, Manu, Surasa, Ilaa, Krodhavashaa, Taamra, Kapilaa, Vinataa, Kadru,**

 Dr. B.R. Manjunath

Kaalaa, Puloma, Kashaaa, Surabhi.

Each of these wives give birth to various life forms. They range from"

Deva, Daanava, Nara Vanara, Yaksha, Kinnara, Vriksha, Sarpa, Khaga, Mriga, Sarpa, Mastya, makara are all his children. In fact, **Kashyapa** is called the first **Prajapati** (Progenitor). And all life forms on earth, whether they be, Gods, Giants, human, apes, trees, Snakes, birds, animals, fishes, crocodiles, are all his off springs. In fact earth is called **Kaashyapi**.

If we now draw up a life tree it looks as under.

Brahma – Creator



Marichi – **Varuni**



Kashyapa

Diti, Aditi, Danu, Danaayu,

Pradha, Manu, Surasa, Ilaa, Krodhavashaa, Taamra, Kapilaa, Vinataa, Kadru, Kaalaa, Puloma, Kashaa, Surabhi.



Giants, Gods, Humans, Apes, angels, Trees, Snakes, Birds, Fishes, Crocodiles, Animals, Birds, etc, etc

And all the species on this earth

All our Mythologies are in poetical form. Let us look at them and analyse the names there in

Vish-nu (One who pervades the vastness, which is nothing but the Universe)

Brahma – (**Vrih** – **ma** Great One)

Marichi – Literally means Shining or "Ray of light"

Varuni – (from the root **Vaari**)- Water

Kashyapa – in Rigvedic Sanskrit it is called "**Kacchapa**" Kacchapa literally means a small fish or Tortoise.

If we now read through these names, it would read as:

"Out of the vastness of Universe" there sprang the Great One, creator. Out of Him sprang a Ray of light. The light combined (married) with water and there sprang up life, '**Kacchapa**'. And all forms of life are progenies of this **Kacchapa / Kashyapa**.

This is exactly what modern Science is postulating today.

"Out of the vastness , there sprang many many suns and planets . The earth was a burning, molten ball with gaseous clouds emanating and blocking Sun light. When earth started cooling, clouds started raining and a ocean formed gradually. When clouds separated, sunlight peeped through and interacted with water and the first forms of life algae amoeba were born. Amoeba morphed into small fish like

creatures. When oceans some what subsided and Mountains and land appeared, these sea creatures morphed into amphibious life forms which came over to land in search of food. They in turn multiplied and morphed over millions of years into various forms of species”

Let us look at other puranas (mythologies) ‘**Dashavataara**’ is a fine enunciation of origin of species.

“**Naaraayana**” literally means, “Journey of Man” and **Dashavartaara** is literally a journey of humans.

1. Born in the sea as a fish – **Matsyavataara**
2. Coming over to land as tortoise – **Koormaavataara**
3. Morphing as pig – **Varaahavatara**
4. Transforming as half animal half human – **Naarasimhavataara**
5. Complete human child – **Vamanaavataara**

And I know the natural Question would be “**You do not expect pigs to be our forefathers?**”

This doubt and bias arises out of ignorance.

Today we know from genetics, all life forms have 98.5 percent same DNA. Humans and apes have 99.8 percent same DNA and pigs and humans have 99.5 percent same DNA. In fact pigs and their smaller versions Mice are the nearest life forms to Man. This is the main reason why all drug experiments are carried out on Guinea pigs. Today hearts and livers of Pigs are being harvested and implanted in humans as replacement organs.

If the early Indian could fathom that

1. The earliest life form was due to combination of sunlight and water.
2. All life forms came from Sea
3. Fish, Tortoises and pigs are our forefathers.
4. And all life forms on this planet are all brothers ,

the conclusion would be, **that over ancestors had great intellect and deep perception of their environment.**

But when Science is couched in poetic language, the pitfall would be its “Poetic Imagery” is mistaken and misinterpreted by the ignorant, that they represent human personalities ,and we miss the real content.and intent of the original poet.

If the Indian mythologies are all concocted stories, as is argued by many now a days, a question arises, as to how is it that **all those stores fit so snugly into what we understand through Modern Science?** Concocted stories would leave many loose ends. In this concocted story how is it that even, each name depicts true natural force behind the name? And this story is not written today, to fit facts, as we know them today. That were written, if not more, at least 2500 years ago, lends more credence to these stories. We need to reinterpret all our early literature as Poetic Imagery and not as “mythology”. The word “myth” comes from the Sanskrit word “Mithya”. Now we need to redefine and reinterpret all our early scriptures as Poetic Imageries of Nature. One only need to just read “Usha Sukta” in Rigveda, to understand this. If you watch the dawn and its splendor, you would note that Ushas is not a lady but nature so elegant. Contempt to our own scientific knowledge has kept us blind.

Darwin was not the first to postulate theory of Origin of Species. Our Forefathers had visited there earlier.

‘The God Particle’

As a student of the Hindu High School, Bose once was awarded 110 marks out of 100 in mathematics because he had solved some problems in the exam paper by more than one method. He made a

name for himself in school due to his love for science; in collaboration with some of his friends, he constructed a telescope and other scientific instruments.

Between his graduation from Presidency College in Kolkata and Masters from Calcutta University, Bose married Usha Devi at the age of 20. He joined the Physics Department of Calcutta University in 1916. In 1921, he moved to the University of Dhaka where set up whole new departments and laboratories to teach undergraduate and graduate courses.

In 1924, he sent a paper to Einstein describing a statistical model that eventually led to the discovery of what became known as the Bose-Einstein condensate phenomenon. This transformed Bose’s life. The Dhaka University realised the worth of its prized possession, sending him off to Europe on a tour, even though

Bose only had a Master’s Degree in Science and had no higher academic qualification.

After a written recommendation from Einstein, who Bose had worked with Berlin, Bose was appointed Professor and Head of the Department of Physics in 1926.

After 25 years in Dhaka, Bose moved back to Kolkata in 1945, and continued to research and teach there till his death in 1974. He was awarded the Padma

Bhushan, India’s second highest civilian award, in 1954.

In what may only be termed as a grave oversight, Bose was never considered for the Nobel Prize. Yet, at least ten scientists have been awarded the Nobel for their research in the field of particle physics based on concepts like the Bose-Einstein

Condensate or the boson - the last one in 2001, when Eric Allin Cornell, Carl Edwin Wieman and Wolfgang Ketterle were awarded for “the achievement of

Bose-Einstein condensation in dilute gases of alkali atoms, and for early fundamental studies of the properties of the condensates.”

Courtesy –Ap Associated Press , sent by **Ravishankar Nagaraj**

॥अथ दशश्लोकी ॥

any distinction. That One, the Residue, the Auspicious, the Alone, am I."

न जाग्रन् न मे स्वप्नको वा सुषुप्तिः
न विश्वौ न वा तैजसः प्राज्ञको वा।
अविद्यात्मकत्वात् क्षयाणं तुरीयः
तदेकोऽवशिष्टः शिवः केवलोऽहम् ॥८॥

"There is no waking state for me nor dream or deep sleep. I am not Visva[the Self identified with the experiencer of the waking state], nor Taijasa[identified with dream state], nor Prajna[identified with deep sleep]. I am really the Fourth(Turiya). That One, the Residue, the Auspicious, the Alone, am I."

अपि व्यापकत्वात् हितत्वप्रयोगात्
स्वतः सिद्धभावादनन्याश्रयत्वात्।
जगत् तुच्छमेतत् समस्तं तदन्यत्
तदेकोऽवशिष्टः शिवः केवलोऽहम् ॥९॥

"All this universe which is other than the Self is worthless(having no existence of its own) for it is well known that the Self is all pervasive, recognised as the reality and that its existence is self-proven and does not depend upon anything else. That One, the Residue, the Auspicious, the Alone, am I."

न चैकं तदन्यद् द्वितीयं कुतः स्यात्
न केवलत्वं न चाऽकेवलत्वम्।
न शुन्यं न चाशून्यमद्वैतकत्वात्
कथं सर्ववेदान्तसिद्धं ब्रवीमि ॥१०॥

"It is not one, for how can there be a second distinct from it? Aloneness cannot be attributed to it nor even non-aloneness. It is neither a void nor a non-void. When it does not admit of a second entity, in what manner can I speak about it though it is established by all the Upanishads.?"

॥ इति श्रीमद् शंकराचार्यविरचितं
दशश्लोकी समाप्तं ॥

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Translation from "Vaidya N. Sundaram"

FORTHCOMING PROGRAMMES

Date & Day	Timing	Programmes
July 21, 2012 Saturday	Evening 7.00 p.m.	"Hasya Sanje" By M.N.Suresh & Troupe, Bangalore Artists: M.M.Suresh, Mysore drama, Rekha Das
July 22, 2012	Evening 6.30 p.m.	"Carnatic Vocal" By Smt. Vidya Harikrishna & Troupe
Aug. 5, 2012	10.30 a.m. to 5.30 p.m.	"Carnatic Vocal" Competition in Karnatic Music Vocal for Children under 17 yrs. For details Contact : Mysore Association

ಮुळेराय !



ಅಭ್ಯಾಷ್ಯ ಮುಳೆಯಾಯ್ಯ
ಇಳೆಯೆಲ್ಲಾ ತಂಪಾಯ್ಯ
ಮ್ಯೇಮನ ಹಗುರಾಯ್ಯ
ನೇಗಿಲ ಯೋಗಿಯ ಕನಸು ನನಸಾಯ್ಯ
ವರುಷದ ವೊದಲ ಮುಳೆ
ತಂದಿತು ಮರಗಿಡಕೆ ಜೀವಕಳೆ
ಜಗದ ಜೀವರಾಶಿಗೆ ತಂಪಿನೆಳೆ
ಭೂದೇವಿ ಪಾದಕೆ ಹೂಮುಳೆ
ವಾಯುದೇವನ ತಾಂಡವನಾಟ್ಯ
ಕಾರ್ಮಾಂಡಗಳ ಕೂಟಪ್ರಯಾಟ
ಕೋಲ್ ಮಿಂಚೆಗಳ ಕತ್ತಿವರಸೆಯಾಟ
ಗುಡುಗು ಸಿಡಲುಗಳ ಅಭ್ಯರ್ಥದಾಟ
ಹಕ್ಕಿಗಳ ಚಿಲೀಪಿಲಿ ಕಲರವ ಹಾಡು
ಮ್ಯೇತುಂಬಿ ಹರಿವ ತೋರೆಗಳ ಪಾಡು
ಗರಿಬಿಂಬಿ ನಾಟ್ಯವಾಡುವ ನವಿಲುಗಳ ದಿಂಡು
ಗಮ್ಮೈಂದು ಪ್ರಯೋಜನವ ದುಂಬಿಗಳ ಹಿಂಡು
ಅಯ್ಯೆಯ್ಯೋ ! ಧೋಪ್ಯಾಂದು ಸುರಿವ ಈ ಮುಳೆಗಾಲ
ಜಿನು ಜಿನುಗುತ ಕಳೆಯ ಜಗದ ಬರಗಾಲ
ಅನ್ವಧಾತ ರೈತನ ತನಿಸೋ ಗೋಳಾಟ
ಜಗದ ಜೀವರಾಶಿಗೆ ನೀಡೋ ತಂಪಿನ ರಸದೂಟ

— ಸೇವಂತಿ ಸದಾಶಿವ

ಮರೆತ ಕಾರಣ

'ಶಿಂಡಿತ ಇಂದು ಮುಳೆ ಬರುತ್ತೇ' ಎಂದಂದುಕೊಂಡು
ಭತ್ತಿ ಬಯ್ಯಿ.
ದಿನವೂ ಬರುತ್ತಿದ್ದ ಮುಳೆ ಅಂದು ಬರಲು
ಮರೆತುಹೋಯ್ಯತ್ತು.
ತಿರುಗಿ ಬರುವಾಗ ಭತ್ತಿ ಮರಳಿ ತರಲು ನನಗೂ
ಮರೆತುಹೋಯ್ಯತ್ತು.
ಕನಿಷ್ಠ ಮುಳೆ ಬಂದರೂ, ಭತ್ತಿ ಕಳೆದುಹೋಗುವದಿಲ್ಲ;
ನೆನಪಿರುತ್ತಿತ್ತು.
ಆದರೆ ನೆನಪಿಟ್ಟುಕೊಂಡು ಭತ್ತಿ ಬಯ್ಯಿದ್ದಕ್ಕೆ ಮುಳೆ
ಬಂದಿರುವುದೇ ಕಾರಣವಾಗಿತ್ತು.
ಒಟ್ಟಾರೆ ನೆನಪಿಗೆ, ಮರೆವಿಗೆ ಮುಳೆ ಕಾರಣ ಭತ್ತಿ ನೆಪ
ಮಾತ್ರ.

- ರಾಮಚಂದ್ರ ಎಸ್. ಕುಲಕರ್ಣಿ

ಕಾಲ

ಎಟುಕಿದ "ಗಗನ ಕುಸುಮ" ವ

ನಿರಾಕರಿಸಿ-

ಪ್ರೇಮ ಬ್ರಹ್ಮಂಯೆಂದರಿತು

ಅರಿವಿನಾಚೆಗೂ ಏರಿ

ಮರೀಚಿಕೆಯ

ಬೆನ್ನೆಟ್ಟಿದಾಗ

"ಕಾಲ" ಸಾಗಿತ್ತು ಬಲುದೂರ !

ರಾಜಕಾರಣೆಗಳು

ಭರಪಸಗಳೆಂಬ

"ಕೃತಕ ಮುಳೆ"

ಸುರಿಸುವ

ಕಪಟ ಮೇಘ

ಸಮಾಹಗಳು

- ಶೋಭಾ ಪ್ರಮೇದ್ರ

